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## Structure Reports

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## 5-[(8-Hydroxyquinolin-2-ylamino)-methylene]-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione

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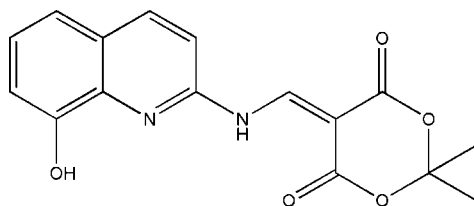
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 299$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.046;  $wR$  factor = 0.119; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.6.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ , the 1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione ring is in an envelope conformation. The  $\text{C}-\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}$  torsion angle between the nearly planar quinoline ring system carrying the OH group and the 1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione unit is  $-177.1$  (1)°. The NH group has an intramolecular contact to a carbonyl O atom, forming a six-membered ring, and also an intermolecular contact to the carbonyl O atom. One intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  and two intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds are also observed. Two molecules are connected by these hydrogen bonds, forming layers.

## Related literature

For related literature, see: Cassis *et al.* (1985); Gaber & McNab (2001); da Silva *et al.* (2002, 2007); Storz (2004).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$   
 $M_r = 314.29$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
 $a = 7.445$  (2) Å

$b = 8.440$  (2) Å  
 $c = 12.906$  (3) Å  
 $\alpha = 77.31$  (1)°  
 $\beta = 86.81$  (2)°  
 $\gamma = 73.15$  (1)°  
 $V = 757.2$  (3) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$   
Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.88$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 299$  (2) K  
 $0.60 \times 0.40 \times 0.33$  mm

## Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4  
diffractometer  
Absorption correction: none  
5325 measured reflections  
2704 independent reflections

2436 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.053$   
3 standard reflections  
frequency: 120 min  
intensity decay: 1.0%

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.120$   
 $S = 1.08$   
2704 reflections  
233 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.27$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2N}\cdots\text{O4}$	0.85 (2)	2.140 (19)	2.7428 (17)	127.6 (14)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2N}\cdots\text{O4}^i$	0.85 (2)	2.498 (18)	3.2943 (17)	156.2 (15)
$\text{O3}-\text{H3O}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.79 (2)	2.22 (2)	2.7028 (16)	120.0 (18)
$\text{C2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.97 (2)	2.564 (19)	3.4151 (19)	146.6 (14)
$\text{C2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O4}^i$	0.97 (2)	2.35 (2)	3.2533 (19)	155.4 (14)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 2$ .

Data collection: *CAD-4-PC Software* (Enraf-Nonius, 1996); cell refinement: *CAD-4-PC Software*; data reduction: *REDU4* (Stoe & Cie, 1987); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The authors thank Professor Dr Hartmut Fuess, Technische Universität Darmstadt, for diffractometer time.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NC2044).

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**supplementary materials**

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## 5-[(8-Hydroxyquinolin-2-ylamino)methylene]-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione

L. E. da Silva, P. T. de Sousa Jr, E. L. Dall'Oglio and S. Foro

### Comment

Aminoquinolines are important constituents in a variety of pharmaceutically important compound classes, most notably perhaps the antimalarials quinine, chloroquine, and their derivatives (Storz, 2004). On the other hands, Meldrum's acid and its derivatives serve as key intermediates for the synthesis of heterocyclic compounds with pharmacological activity (Gaber & McNab, 2001). In order to investigate the structure-function relationships and develop more effective antiparasitic drugs based on nitrogen heterocyclic derivatives (da Silva *et al.*, 2007; da Silva *et al.*, 2002), we report here the crystal structure of the title compound (I).

In (I), the 1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione ring is an envelope conformation with C13 in the flap position. The quinoline ring system, with the OH group, is nearly planar with maximum deviations from the mean plane of  $-0.0127$  (9) Å for atom N1 and  $0.0097$  (9) Å for atom O3. The dihedral angle C11—C10—N2—C1 is  $-177.1$  (1)° and the distances C1—N2 and C10—C11 indicate delocalization of the conjugated system. The amino H atom forms an intra- and an intermolecular contact to the carbonyl O4 atom. One intramolecular O—H···N and two intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonds were also observed. The packing diagram illustrates that two hydrogen-bonded molecules are related by an inversion centre building layers (Fig. 2). Details of the hydrogen-bonding parameters are given in Table 1.

### Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to a literature procedure (Cassis *et al.*, 1985). Single crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray data collection were obtained by slow evaporation from a solution of methanol:DCM (1:1). m.p.: 501–502 K.

### Refinement

The methyl H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with C—H = 0.96 Å. The other H atoms were located in difference map, and their positional parameters were refined freely [N—H = 0.85 (2) Å, O—H = 0.78 (2) Å and C—H = 0.87 (2)–1.00 (2) Å].  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$  values were set to  $1.2U_{\text{eq}}$  ( $1.5U_{\text{eq}}$  for methyl) of the parent atom.

### Figures

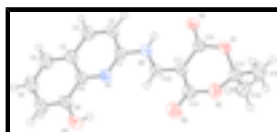


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of (I), showing the atom labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

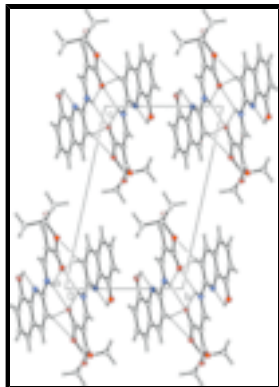


Fig. 2. Molecular packing of (I) with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

**5-[(8-Hydroxyquinolin-2-ylamino)methylene]-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione**

*Crystal data*

$C_{16}H_{14}N_2O_5$

$M_r = 314.29$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 7.445 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 8.440 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 12.906 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\alpha = 77.31 (1)^\circ$

$\beta = 86.81 (2)^\circ$

$\gamma = 73.15 (1)^\circ$

$V = 757.2 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F_{000} = 328$

$D_x = 1.379 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\lambda = 1.54180 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 5.6\text{--}25.2^\circ$

$\mu = 0.88 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 299 (2) \text{ K}$

Prism, colourless

$0.60 \times 0.40 \times 0.33 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Enraf-Nonius CAD4  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 299(2) \text{ K}$

$\omega/2\theta$  scans

Absorption correction: none

5325 measured reflections

2704 independent reflections

2436 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.053$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 66.9^\circ$

$\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.5^\circ$

$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

3 standard reflections

every 120 min

intensity decay: 1.0%

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0542P)^2 + 0.1625P]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.120$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.08$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$
2704 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
233 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997), $F_c^* = kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	Extinction coefficient: 0.0292 (18)

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.87562 (18)	0.18229 (16)	1.03493 (11)	0.0356 (3)
C2	0.8419 (2)	0.11498 (19)	1.14199 (12)	0.0433 (4)
H2	0.742 (3)	0.061 (2)	1.1559 (13)	0.052*
C3	0.9522 (2)	0.1279 (2)	1.21805 (12)	0.0465 (4)
H3	0.936 (3)	0.084 (2)	1.2920 (15)	0.056*
C4	1.0967 (2)	0.20732 (18)	1.18985 (11)	0.0415 (3)
C5	1.2181 (3)	0.2261 (2)	1.26336 (14)	0.0532 (4)
H5	1.203 (3)	0.191 (2)	1.3366 (16)	0.064*
C6	1.3538 (2)	0.3041 (2)	1.22804 (15)	0.0559 (4)
H6	1.442 (3)	0.319 (2)	1.2787 (16)	0.067*
C7	1.3758 (2)	0.3669 (2)	1.11993 (14)	0.0493 (4)
H7	1.471 (3)	0.422 (2)	1.0951 (14)	0.059*
C8	1.26047 (19)	0.34956 (17)	1.04695 (12)	0.0402 (3)
C9	1.11806 (18)	0.26817 (16)	1.08037 (11)	0.0358 (3)
C10	0.7677 (2)	0.23140 (17)	0.85433 (11)	0.0391 (3)
H10	0.855 (3)	0.281 (2)	0.8346 (13)	0.047*
C11	0.65092 (19)	0.22806 (17)	0.77695 (11)	0.0384 (3)
C12	0.50124 (19)	0.14834 (17)	0.80186 (10)	0.0367 (3)
C13	0.3749 (2)	0.2999 (2)	0.62899 (11)	0.0469 (4)
C14	0.6902 (2)	0.2936 (2)	0.66727 (12)	0.0484 (4)
C15	0.2853 (3)	0.2547 (3)	0.54213 (13)	0.0674 (5)
H15A	0.2819	0.3378	0.4776	0.101*

## supplementary materials

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H15B	0.1598	0.2525	0.5620	0.101*
H15C	0.3572	0.1452	0.5314	0.101*
C16	0.2690 (3)	0.4675 (2)	0.65367 (14)	0.0610 (5)
H16A	0.3288	0.4863	0.7120	0.091*
H16B	0.1424	0.4673	0.6724	0.091*
H16C	0.2679	0.5561	0.5924	0.091*
N1	1.00832 (15)	0.25491 (13)	1.00330 (9)	0.0360 (3)
N2	0.75720 (16)	0.16946 (14)	0.95745 (9)	0.0384 (3)
H2N	0.677 (3)	0.116 (2)	0.9798 (13)	0.046*
O1	0.38313 (15)	0.16567 (14)	0.72143 (8)	0.0478 (3)
O2	0.56184 (16)	0.30024 (16)	0.59423 (8)	0.0546 (3)
O3	1.27855 (16)	0.41060 (14)	0.94136 (9)	0.0502 (3)
H3O	1.205 (3)	0.386 (3)	0.9114 (16)	0.060*
O4	0.47832 (15)	0.06465 (13)	0.88781 (8)	0.0445 (3)
O5	0.82846 (18)	0.3362 (2)	0.63562 (10)	0.0747 (4)

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0278 (6)	0.0356 (7)	0.0447 (7)	-0.0111 (5)	-0.0029 (5)	-0.0076 (5)
C2	0.0353 (7)	0.0496 (8)	0.0488 (8)	-0.0221 (6)	-0.0007 (6)	-0.0043 (6)
C3	0.0444 (8)	0.0572 (9)	0.0408 (8)	-0.0239 (7)	-0.0012 (6)	-0.0036 (6)
C4	0.0354 (7)	0.0445 (7)	0.0471 (8)	-0.0145 (6)	-0.0034 (6)	-0.0096 (6)
C5	0.0518 (9)	0.0652 (10)	0.0493 (9)	-0.0250 (8)	-0.0077 (7)	-0.0131 (7)
C6	0.0468 (9)	0.0632 (10)	0.0678 (11)	-0.0230 (8)	-0.0127 (8)	-0.0217 (8)
C7	0.0353 (8)	0.0478 (8)	0.0728 (11)	-0.0201 (6)	-0.0014 (7)	-0.0182 (7)
C8	0.0305 (7)	0.0364 (7)	0.0559 (8)	-0.0117 (5)	0.0026 (6)	-0.0120 (6)
C9	0.0269 (6)	0.0348 (6)	0.0475 (8)	-0.0098 (5)	-0.0022 (5)	-0.0107 (5)
C10	0.0305 (7)	0.0401 (7)	0.0481 (8)	-0.0147 (6)	-0.0007 (6)	-0.0060 (6)
C11	0.0324 (7)	0.0423 (7)	0.0411 (7)	-0.0151 (6)	-0.0007 (5)	-0.0038 (6)
C12	0.0361 (7)	0.0406 (7)	0.0359 (7)	-0.0157 (5)	-0.0030 (5)	-0.0061 (5)
C13	0.0392 (8)	0.0658 (9)	0.0350 (7)	-0.0225 (7)	-0.0019 (6)	0.0012 (6)
C14	0.0371 (8)	0.0610 (9)	0.0463 (8)	-0.0198 (7)	0.0024 (6)	-0.0028 (7)
C15	0.0645 (11)	0.1003 (14)	0.0435 (9)	-0.0365 (11)	-0.0114 (8)	-0.0077 (9)
C16	0.0528 (10)	0.0647 (10)	0.0560 (10)	-0.0123 (8)	-0.0026 (8)	0.0017 (8)
N1	0.0290 (6)	0.0366 (6)	0.0438 (6)	-0.0120 (4)	-0.0005 (5)	-0.0075 (5)
N2	0.0311 (6)	0.0424 (6)	0.0447 (7)	-0.0175 (5)	-0.0040 (5)	-0.0055 (5)
O1	0.0475 (6)	0.0612 (6)	0.0404 (6)	-0.0314 (5)	-0.0096 (4)	0.0017 (4)
O2	0.0433 (6)	0.0845 (8)	0.0362 (6)	-0.0261 (6)	0.0033 (4)	-0.0037 (5)
O3	0.0437 (6)	0.0561 (6)	0.0573 (7)	-0.0265 (5)	0.0087 (5)	-0.0110 (5)
O4	0.0484 (6)	0.0523 (6)	0.0381 (5)	-0.0292 (5)	-0.0038 (4)	0.0008 (4)
O5	0.0494 (7)	0.1174 (11)	0.0581 (7)	-0.0452 (7)	0.0062 (6)	0.0067 (7)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

C1—N1	1.3095 (18)	C10—H10	0.867 (19)
C1—N2	1.4107 (18)	C11—C12	1.4483 (19)
C1—C2	1.412 (2)	C11—C14	1.449 (2)
C2—C3	1.356 (2)	C12—O4	1.2096 (17)

C2—H2	0.97 (2)	C12—O1	1.3537 (17)
C3—C4	1.416 (2)	C13—O2	1.4392 (18)
C3—H3	0.959 (18)	C13—O1	1.4437 (17)
C4—C5	1.409 (2)	C13—C16	1.499 (2)
C4—C9	1.410 (2)	C13—C15	1.505 (2)
C5—C6	1.366 (3)	C14—O5	1.208 (2)
C5—H5	0.94 (2)	C14—O2	1.360 (2)
C6—C7	1.398 (3)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C6—H6	1.00 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C7—C8	1.367 (2)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C7—H7	0.96 (2)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C8—O3	1.3608 (19)	C16—H16B	0.9600
C8—C9	1.4224 (19)	C16—H16C	0.9600
C9—N1	1.3644 (18)	N2—H2N	0.85 (2)
C10—N2	1.3255 (19)	O3—H3O	0.79 (2)
C10—C11	1.370 (2)		
N1—C1—N2	118.34 (12)	C12—C11—C14	119.95 (13)
N1—C1—C2	124.55 (13)	O4—C12—O1	118.43 (12)
N2—C1—C2	117.11 (12)	O4—C12—C11	124.72 (13)
C3—C2—C1	118.21 (13)	O1—C12—C11	116.81 (11)
C3—C2—H2	124.4 (10)	O2—C13—O1	109.88 (12)
C1—C2—H2	117.4 (10)	O2—C13—C16	110.65 (14)
C2—C3—C4	120.36 (14)	O1—C13—C16	110.18 (12)
C2—C3—H3	122.0 (12)	O2—C13—C15	106.47 (13)
C4—C3—H3	117.7 (12)	O1—C13—C15	106.14 (14)
C5—C4—C9	119.49 (14)	C16—C13—C15	113.36 (15)
C5—C4—C3	124.25 (14)	O5—C14—O2	118.07 (14)
C9—C4—C3	116.25 (13)	O5—C14—C11	125.82 (15)
C6—C5—C4	119.78 (16)	O2—C14—C11	116.05 (13)
C6—C5—H5	119.4 (14)	C13—C15—H15A	109.5
C4—C5—H5	120.7 (14)	C13—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—C7	121.53 (15)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	121.2 (12)	C13—C15—H15C	109.5
C7—C6—H6	117.3 (12)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C8—C7—C6	119.85 (15)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C8—C7—H7	118.6 (11)	C13—C16—H16A	109.5
C6—C7—H7	121.6 (11)	C13—C16—H16B	109.5
O3—C8—C7	120.85 (14)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
O3—C8—C9	118.76 (13)	C13—C16—H16C	109.5
C7—C8—C9	120.38 (14)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
N1—C9—C4	123.75 (12)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
N1—C9—C8	117.29 (12)	C1—N1—C9	116.85 (12)
C4—C9—C8	118.96 (13)	C10—N2—C1	124.05 (13)
N2—C10—C11	125.99 (14)	C10—N2—H2N	119.6 (11)
N2—C10—H10	116.6 (11)	C1—N2—H2N	116.4 (12)
C11—C10—H10	117.4 (11)	C12—O1—C13	118.49 (11)
C10—C11—C12	121.53 (13)	C14—O2—C13	118.71 (11)
C10—C11—C14	118.32 (13)	C8—O3—H3O	107.0 (15)

## supplementary materials

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N1—C1—C2—C3	1.0 (2)	C10—C11—C12—O1	174.03 (12)
N2—C1—C2—C3	-179.08 (13)	C14—C11—C12—O1	-11.3 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.1 (2)	C10—C11—C14—O5	8.0 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-179.85 (15)	C12—C11—C14—O5	-166.78 (17)
C2—C3—C4—C9	-0.7 (2)	C10—C11—C14—O2	-174.86 (13)
C9—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (2)	C12—C11—C14—O2	10.3 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	179.72 (16)	N2—C1—N1—C9	178.78 (10)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.2 (3)	C2—C1—N1—C9	-1.3 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.5 (3)	C4—C9—N1—C1	0.58 (19)
C6—C7—C8—O3	179.61 (13)	C8—C9—N1—C1	-178.91 (11)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.1 (2)	C11—C10—N2—C1	-177.11 (13)
C5—C4—C9—N1	179.58 (13)	N1—C1—N2—C10	-2.3 (2)
C3—C4—C9—N1	0.4 (2)	C2—C1—N2—C10	177.76 (12)
C5—C4—C9—C8	-0.9 (2)	O4—C12—O1—C13	163.07 (13)
C3—C4—C9—C8	179.84 (12)	C11—C12—O1—C13	-18.90 (18)
O3—C8—C9—N1	0.60 (18)	O2—C13—O1—C12	47.43 (17)
C7—C8—C9—N1	-179.88 (12)	C16—C13—O1—C12	-74.74 (17)
O3—C8—C9—C4	-178.92 (11)	C15—C13—O1—C12	162.17 (13)
C7—C8—C9—C4	0.6 (2)	O5—C14—O2—C13	-161.71 (16)
N2—C10—C11—C12	-1.8 (2)	C11—C14—O2—C13	21.0 (2)
N2—C10—C11—C14	-176.57 (13)	O1—C13—O2—C14	-48.65 (18)
C10—C11—C12—O4	-8.1 (2)	C16—C13—O2—C14	73.23 (17)
C14—C11—C12—O4	166.58 (13)	C15—C13—O2—C14	-163.18 (14)

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H2N $\cdots$ O4	0.85 (2)	2.140 (19)	2.7428 (17)	127.6 (14)
N2—H2N $\cdots$ O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.85 (2)	2.498 (18)	3.2943 (17)	156.2 (15)
O3—H3O $\cdots$ N1	0.79 (2)	2.22 (2)	2.7028 (16)	120.0 (18)
C2—H2 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.97 (2)	2.564 (19)	3.4151 (19)	146.6 (14)
C2—H2 $\cdots$ O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.97 (2)	2.35 (2)	3.2533 (19)	155.4 (14)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+2$ .



Fig. 1

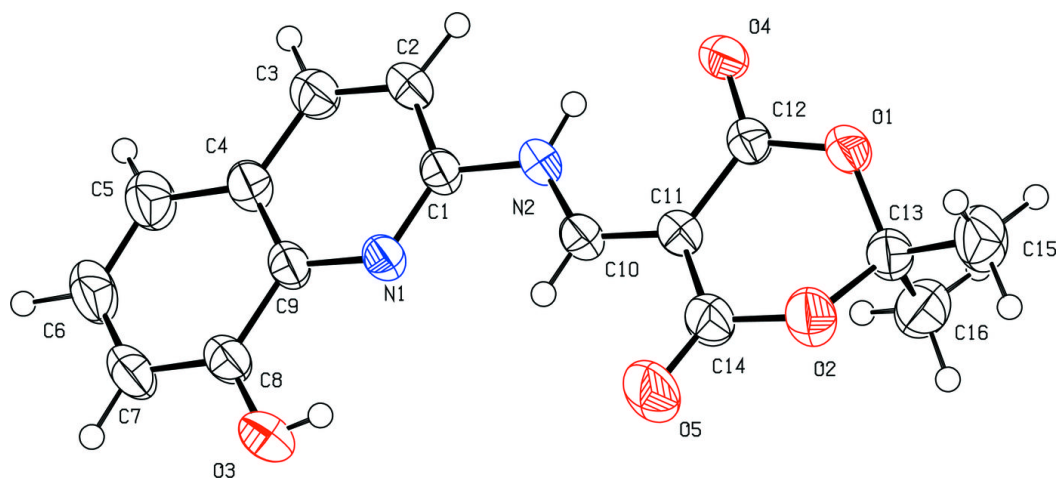


Fig. 2

